

See in Memory Descriptor List whats on

Posted by Steffen78 - 22 Feb 2010 - 13:29

Hello Girls and Boys,

i have a problem with a w2k3 server ent. sp2. The machine is an x86 32bit system with an MS SQL 2005 installed for enteo. the server part of enteo is ionstalled to. antivirus is mcafee.

Now the problem, the "non paged pool" is running out of free space till the server is crashing. the "biggest" pooltag in poolmon is the "mdl".

Is there a way to analyze with driver is exhausting the mdl. can i analyze this problem with a full memory dump or should i take the driver verifier for this?

thank you very much for your help.

sorry about my english.

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Re: See in Memory Descriptor List whats on

Posted by Robert Kuster - 03 Apr 2010 - 15:17

Steffen welcome.

It is easy to find out which driver is leaking or consuming a lot of memory.

Theory

In order to use Pool tags one generally has to enable them with GFlags -> System Registry -> "Enable pool tagging". Luckily on Windows Server 2003 pool tagging is always enabled. From the documentation: "Pool tagging is permanently enabled on Windows Server 2003 and later versions of Windows, including Windows Vista. On these systems, the Enable pool tagging check box on the Global Flags dialog box is dimmed and commands to enable or disable pool tagging fail.". Also alongside your WinDbg installation you should find ..Debugging Tools for Windows (x86)triage pooltag.txt which lists all tags used by kernel mode components and drivers. Here is what it says about the Mdl tag:

- -
Mdl - - Io, Mdls

MDLs are described here: What Is Really in That MDL? Further you should use Driver Verifier to track Pool Usage and configure it as follows:"Create custom settings" -> Next"Selet individual settings from a full list" -> NextSelect "Pool tracking" -> Next"Automatically select all drivers installed on this computer" -> Finish, Restart computer

Start Driver Verifier Manager again an select "Display information about currently verified drivers" -> Next (3x). Now you will see the pool usage of each driver:

http://windbg.info/images/fbfiles/images/pool_usage.PNG

In WinDbg

After enabling driver verifier you can get even more information from WinDbg. Attach WinDbg as a kernel debugger to the target machine and use the following commands:

```
0: kd> !verifier 1
```

Driver Verification List

Entry	State	NonPagedPool	PagedPool	Module
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8a7e6ee8	Loaded	00000000	00000000	kdcom.dll
8a7e6e68	Loaded	00000000	00000000	BOOTVID.dll
8a7e6df0	Loaded	00023708	00003760	ACPI.sys
8a7e6d70	Loaded	00000000	00000000	WMILIB.SYS
8a7e6480	Loaded	00003710	0001b310	pci.sys

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; to see all individual allocations of each driver

```
0: kd> !verifier 0x3
```

Driver Verification List

Entry	State	NonPagedPool	PagedPool	Module
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8a7e6df0	Loaded	00023708	00003760	ACPI.sys
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Current Pool Allocations 00000059 00000023

Current Pool Bytes 00023708 00003760

Peak Pool Allocations 000000d3 0000002d

Peak Pool Bytes 00024b88 00003be8

PoolAddress	SizeInBytes	Tag	CallersAddress
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e10115a8	0x00000080	AcpM	b9fa1c47
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8a783148	0x00000018	AcpS	b9f7fabb
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8a7bd148	0x00000018	AcpS	b9f7fae7
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8a786a10	0x00000030	AcpS	b9f836a6
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8a7c0130	0x00000030	AcpR	b9f877c9
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I hope this helps,

Robert

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